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2. <i>ADA</i>	<i>[Signature]</i>	29 JUL 1983
3. <i>ADA</i>	<i>[Signature]</i>	29 JUL 1983
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REMARKS

B. A. — see to D/ins + D/OS
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1-2/3:
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OPTIONAL FORM 41 (Rev. 7-76)
 Prescribed by GSA
 FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.206

The Director of Central Intelligence

Washington, D. C. 20505

Executive Registry

83-3602

83-1905

23 JUL 1983

DDA REGISTRY

FILE: 10-1

The Honorable William P. Clark
Assistant to the President for
National Security Affairs
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Judge Clark:

Actions being taken to implement National Security Decision Directive No. 84 (NSDD 84) have taken a turn which I did not anticipate when the Intelligence Community urged the President to adopt the Willard Report. Current plans to implement specific provisions of the NSDD will, I believe, significantly conflict with the responsibilities of the Director of Central Intelligence (DCI) under law.

At the time NSDD 84 was promulgated, the DCI was the unquestioned arbiter of security standards and criteria relating to intelligence sources and methods. An SCI nondisclosure agreement (Form 4193), issued in 1981 via the SECOM mechanism, was accepted throughout the Intelligence Community and was signed by thousands of persons. While the agreement was tailored to consider the concerns of Intelligence Community members, the basis for requiring such an agreement as a condition precedent to SCI access clearly flowed from the DCI's statutory responsibility. The major impetus for Form 4193 was the Supreme Court's having upheld in the Snepp case a similar nondisclosure agreement relating to CIA employment. I am now concerned, however, that the NSDD implementation process may undermine the responsibility of the DCI to protect SCI and other information relating to intelligence sources and methods because the DCI would no longer retain the necessary control of security standards and criteria.

The U. S. Government generally, and the Intelligence Community in particular, have long recognized the special responsibility of the DCI, set forth in the National Security Act of 1947, to protect intelligence sources and methods from unauthorized disclosure. This responsibility has been given effect by the establishment of Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI) as a special category of intelligence data. Through Executive Orders 12333 and 12356 and a series of DCI Directives, DCI policy for SCI has been implemented throughout the U. S. Government. The DCI Security Committee (SECOM) was chartered to assist in carrying out these responsibilities. It did not occur to me, nor do I believe it was the President's intent, that the NSDD would in any way weaken or undermine the role of the DCI in such matters.

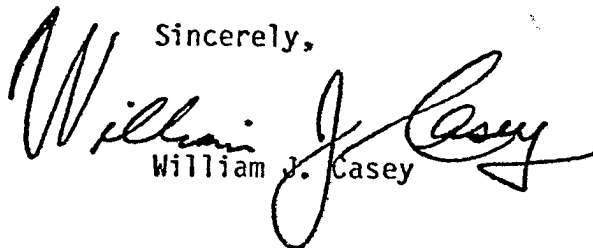
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What has happened, however, is that a working group, chaired by the General Services Administration's Information Security Oversight Office, has revised the existing SCI nondisclosure agreement which I had promulgated. In addition, I understand the working group intends to make any agency's use of a more stringent agreement subject to ISOO approval. In effect, this transfers the authority for this important aspect of SCI security from the DCI to the Director of ISOO. It should be noted that the final draft of the NSDD circulated for review did not create such a role for ISOO and I must say I was surprised to find such language published in the NSDD. 11

I believe the implementation of the NSDD would be best accomplished by the following steps: ISOO should develop standardized language relating only to the prepublication review of collateral information. This language should reflect any agreements reached by the working group concerning collateral prepublication review. Once this language has been developed, it should be presented to the SECOM for incorporation into a revised Form 4193, along with any other suggestions that the working group believes might strengthen the revised form. After due consideration, a revised Form 4193 will be promulgated by the SECOM, at my direction, including the collateral prepublication language developed by ISOO, as well as any other language adopted by the SECOM to strengthen the revised form, consistent with the NSDD. This will avoid any appearance of conflict between ISOO and the DCI's established authority to make the rules for the protection of intelligence sources and methods.

I regret the necessity to bring this to your attention, but any reduction of the DCI's security role would erode the DCI's ability to carry out his statutory obligation to protect sources and methods and would be contrary to the national interest. I hope this matter can be resolved quickly. In the interim, I shall plan to continue Intelligence Community use of the present nondisclosure agreement for SCI access.

Sincerely,


William J. Casey